Session VII

Virtual Breakout Session Northern America and Europe



Justin Bredlau, Ph.D.

AAAS Science & Technology Policy Fellow

USDA Office of the Chief Scientist

Participants

18 United States

9 Private Sector

3 Canada

12 Government

5 Europe

5 Academia

26 Total

Discussion moderated by:

Mark Walton, AquaBounty

1. What are the main challenges or limitations you find relevant to the animal biotech sector in your country, and how to overcome such limitations?

Public Acceptance

- Lack of understanding by the general public
- Communication is a challenge for many scientists
- Insufficient funding for public education programs
- There may need to be a good example of public acceptance of an animal biotech product before more companies will prove willing to get involved
- Regulatory Framework
 - Very expensive to get through regulatory process

- 2. What steps can be taken to increase positive interaction among developers, regulators, farmers, consumers and other stakeholders?
 - Finding common ground
 - Meetings
 - Interactive dialogue
 - Create venues to promote science (re: GMOs in university dining halls)
 - Demystify genetic modification methods and rationale for using GE
 - Engage with organizations and societies
 - Producers are interested, but have concerns about marketing
 - Regulatory oversight influences public acceptance
 - Disagreement on the benefits
 - Issue of regulatory costs and promotion of small/medium companies

- 3. How can we help scientists and regulators to be better narrative communicators and to interact effectively with civil society on such issues?
 - Public engagement by scientists
 - Have active dialogue, not just teach (Bt corn example)
 - "Safe by Design" approach (Netherlands)
 - Some scientists are already being trained to interact with nontechnical audience
 - Lack of time is a problem
 - Support public engagement as part of the funding process

4. What can we do to address marketing and trade issues?

Labels

- How much information should be on labels?
- Should a label matter if you cannot tell the difference?
- No way to easily trace a product
- Public misled by some labels (e.g., non-GMO and cholesterol-free salt)

International trade

- How to overcome regulatory issues so farmers can export
- Experience of tracing offspring of clones in Europe

5. What potential follow-up activities would be beneficial?

- More international involvement with other counties
- Workshops should continue
- Data sharing
- Topics for further discussion and action:
 - What else can be done for public education?
 - What are some specific recommendations for labelling GM products?
 - How do we incentivize scientists to engage with the public? Does this help?
 - How do we streamline the regulatory process for small companies and university researchers?